

Emerging Requirements of the Global Framework for Climate Services (GFCS)

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Global Framework for Climate Services

Goal

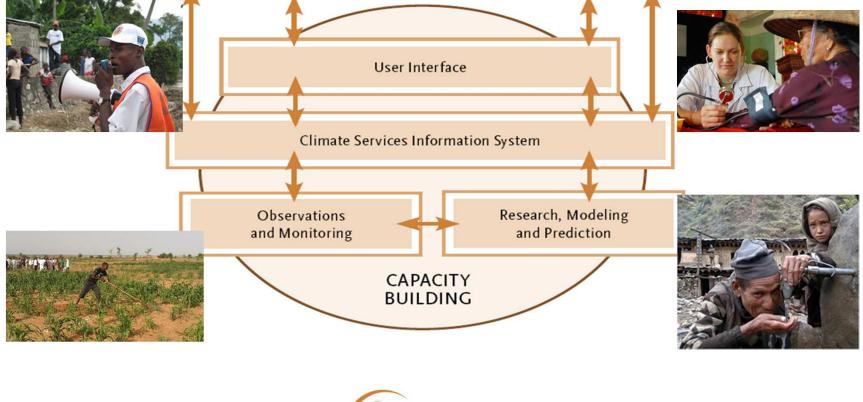
Enable better management of the risks of climate variability and change and adaptation to climate change, through the development and incorporation of science-based climate information and prediction into planning, policy and practice on the global, regional and national scale





GFCS Pillars & Priority Areas

Users, Government, private sector, research, agriculture, water, health, construction, disaster reduction, environment, tourism, transport, etc







1st Session of Intergovernmental Board on Climate Services July 2013

- Approval of Implementation Plan and Compendium of GFCS Projects
 - 40 project proposals for a total of CHF 140 million

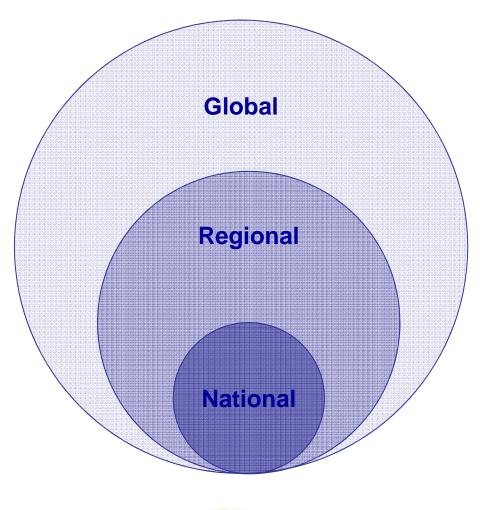
Outcomes of IBCS-1

Contribution modalities

- Direct contribution to GFCS Trust Fund
- Selection of Projects for implementation
- Designation of activities contributing to GFCS based on a set Criteria
- Implementing partners
 - UN Bodies: FAO, UNDP, UNESCO, UNESCO/IOC, UNISDR, UNITAR, WB, WFP, WHO, WMO
 - **Others:** GWP, IFRC, CCAFS, CICERO, etc



Domains of Operation of GFCS



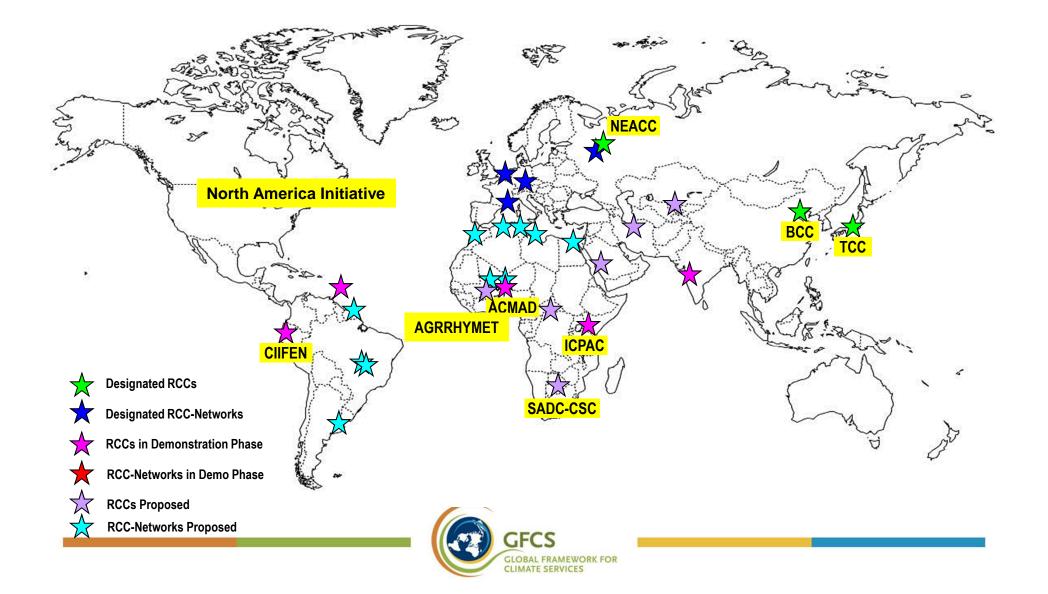


Current Distributors of the Global Producing Centres that support the implementation of the GFCS





WMO RCC Status Worldwide



GFCS Related Partnerships

Memorandum of Understandings (MoUs) signed with: – IFRC, IUCN, ICID, UNECA, UNITAR

- Partner Advisory Committe (PAC): the mechanism that ensures the effective participation of partners
- EUMETSAT, FAO, IFRC, IUGG, UNEP, WBCSD, WFP, WMO

Joint Project Offices

- WMO-WHO, WMO-GWP, WMO-WFP

Ongoing discussions with: – EC, UNDP, WB, UNFCCC



GFCS Consultations

These consultations facilitate the identification of critical elements supporting the development of guidelines for the establishment of frameworks for climate services at the national level.

Consultations to develop Regional Frameworks for Climate Services (RCFS)

- South East Asia (October 2012)
- The Caribbean (May 2013)
- Pacific (April 2014)
- Latin America (28-30 July, 2014)
- South East Europe (22-23 November 2014)
- Middle East (TBD)

Consultations to develop *National Frameworks for Climate Services* (NFCS)

- Burkina Faso, Mali and Niger (August 2012)
- Chad (April 2013)
- South Africa (1 August 2013)
- Belize (November 2013)
- Senegal (March 2014)
- Tanzania (7-9 May, 2014)
- Malawi (9-11 June, 2014)
- Dominica (12-13 August, 2014)



GFCS User Interface Platform (UIP)

Pilot Project Associated with Examplars in the UIP (agriculture, water, health and disaster risk reduction)

Example:

National Outlook Forum was held in Mozambique:

- Brought stakeholders and providers together
- Assessed user needs in various sectors
- Clarified the use of products and services in support of decision-making



West Africa UIP Associated Pilot Projects



UIP Pilot Projects in Burkina, Faso, Chad, Mali, Niger, Senegal



- Burkina Faso and Niger Plans
 of Action
- Mali and Chad Plans of Action

 being developed

Next steps:

- Implementation
- Mainstreaming in the National Action Plans (NAPs) process
- Regional Coordinator for the Sahel (with Norwegian Refugee Council and FAO)



Climate Services Adaptation Programme in Africa

This programme aims to develop user-driven climate services for food security, health, and disaster risk reduction under UIP

Focus Countries

- Tanzania and Malawi
- Programme runs for 3 years
- Total budget of USD 10M

Achievements

- Kick off meetings in Tanzania and Malawi
- National consultations in Tanzania and Malawi
- Consolidated activity plan at country level
- Coordination mechanism

Partners





International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies











Major Needs

Needs and requirements identified from the initial implementation of the GFCS include the following need for:

□ standardized and harmonized observing practices,

- □ data exchange policies,
- improved data management skills,
- national data repositories, and
- access to socio-economic data in standardized format to assess impacts of climate variability and change on sectors.



Major Needs (cont.)

Others Major needs include:

1.Capacity development of professionals and communities on production and effective application of climate services

2.Improved, standardized, and quality controlled **sector monitoring data** that is compatible with environmental and climate information;

3.Monitoring and evaluation of the appropriate, effective, and cost-effective use of climate information for sector decisions;



Major Needs (cont.)

- 4. Research, modelling and prediction of sector impacts associated with climate variability and climate change, in collaboration with the climate research community;
- 5. Development of decision support tools;
- 6. Development and deployment of Early Warning Systems (EWS) appropriate to the sector and user communities; and
- 7. Better cooperation and collaboration with the climate community for interdisciplinary policy, practice and research.



10 Pre-Requisites for the Establishment of a Framework for Climate Services

- 1) Provide a strong institutional anchorage for the Framework for Climate Services
- 2) Meet the demand for tailored climate service provision in the priority climate-sensitive sectors in the country (Agriculture & Food security, Health, Disaster Risk Management, Construction/Infrastructure/ Transport sector, etc.)
- 3) Build the capacity of the NHMS and other technical services to jointly enhance key climate products and services, building on multi-disciplinary knowledge and expertise from each sector



10 Pre-Requisites (cont.)

- 4) Improve the Communication / widespread distribution of Climate Services
- 5) Diversify communication channels, use innovative channels to broadcast (aside from TV)
- 6) Modernize and increase the density of the nationalhydro-meteorological observing network
- 7) Improve collaborative application research geared towards improvement of climate products for customised for exemplars for key sectors that drive socio-economic development defined under the UIP (agriculture, water, health and disaster risk reduction)



10 Pre-Requisites (cont.)

- 8. Develop and strengthen the capacity of end-users to further apply and appropriately utilize climate services
- 9. Sustain the newly defined Framework for Climate Services at the national level
- 10. Engage all national stakeholders involved in the production, interpretation, communication and utilization of climate services in a national dialogue around climate service provision, to identify country needs and charter a course for the provision of user-tailored climate services at the national and subnational levels.



GFCS Website





Thank you for your kind attention

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