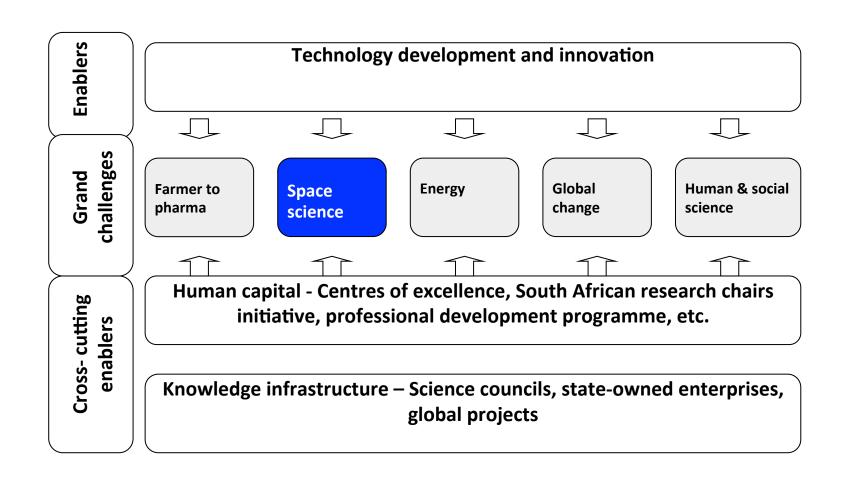
THE NATIONAL SPACE STRATEGY







Ten Year Innovation Plan







National Instruments

South African Earth Observation Strategy

Space Affairs Act

National

Space Policy

National Space Strategy

South African National Space Agency Act





Legislative Mandate

- Space Affairs Act (Act No. 84 of 1993)
 - Section 2: Determination of Policy
 - Meeting all international commitments and responsibilities
 - Controlling and restricting the development, transfer, acquisition and disposal of dual-use technologies
 - Section 3: Compliance with Policy
 - Ministers to exercise powers and perform duties in accordance with the Policy
 - Section 4: Establishment of South Africa Council for Space Affairs (SACSA)





Legislative Mandate

- Space Affairs Act
 - Section 5: Objects and Functions of Council
 - Implementation of the space policy
 - Compliance with international conventions, treaties and agreements
 - Council activities
 - Advise the Minister of the dti
 - Hear representations regarding space affairs
 - Implement matters relating to international obligations
 - Issue licences
 - Registration of institutions operating in the space industry
 - Publication of information relating to activities of Council



Legislative Mandate

- International Conventions, Treaties and Agreements
 - The Outer Space Treaty (ratified)
 - The Rescue Agreement
 - The Liability Convention (ratified)
 - The Registration Convention (ratified, same)
 - The Moon Agreement
- Member state to the United Nations Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer space (UNCOPUOS)





National Space Policy Objectives



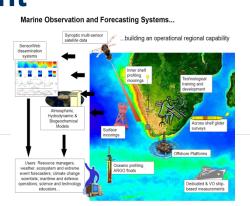


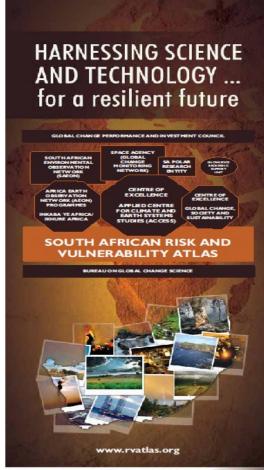
Vision

For South Africa to be among the leading nations in the innovative utilisation of space science and technology that enhances economic growth and sustainable development

in order to **improve the** quality of life for all







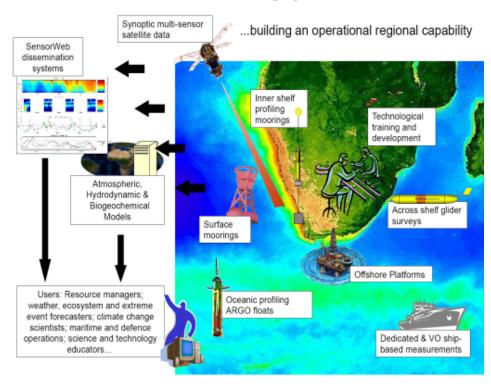




Goals

- To empower better decision making through the integration of space-based systems with ground-based systems;
- To use space science and technology to develop applications;
- To capture a global market share for small to mediumsized space systems;

Marine Observation and Forecasting Systems...







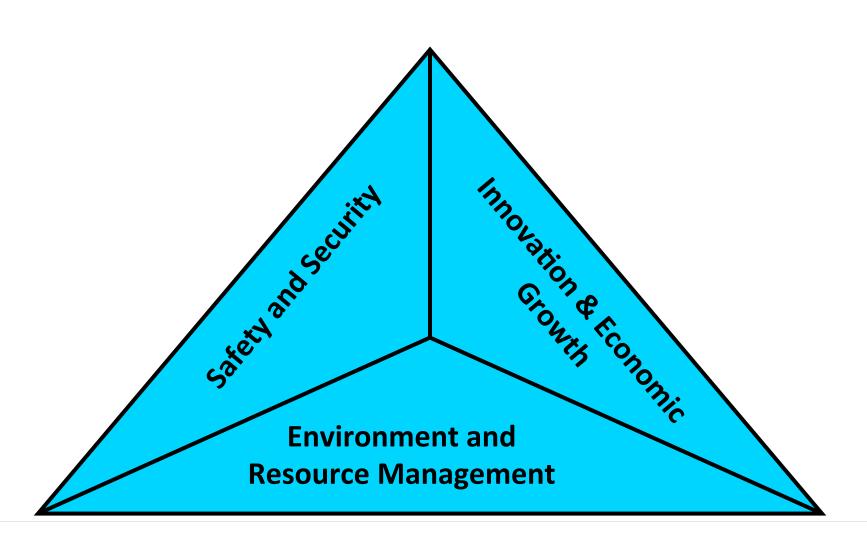
Objectives

Developing the local private space science and technology industry sector	Strengthening training and technology transfer programmes;
Developing services and products that can respond to user needs;	Promoting space science and technology in academic institutions and science centres;
Developing an export market for specific equipment for satellite or services;	Responding to challenges and opportunities in Africa;
Optimising the organisation of future space activities	Advocating the importance of space science and technology; and
Organising some of the current space science and technology activities into strategic programmes;	Building local awareness of space science and technology and its benefits.
Partnerships with established and developing space-faring countries;	





Key Priority Areas







Environment & Resource Management

- Environmental and geospatial monitoring
- Ocean, coastal and marine management
- Land management
- Rural development and urban planning
- Topographic mapping
- Hydrological monitoring
- Climate change mitigation and adaptation
- Meteorological monitoring





Safety and Security

- Disaster monitoring and relief
- Hazards forecasting and early warning
- Cross border risk
- Disease surveillance and health risk
- Asset monitoring
- Regulatory enforcement
- Defense, peacekeeping and treaty monitoring



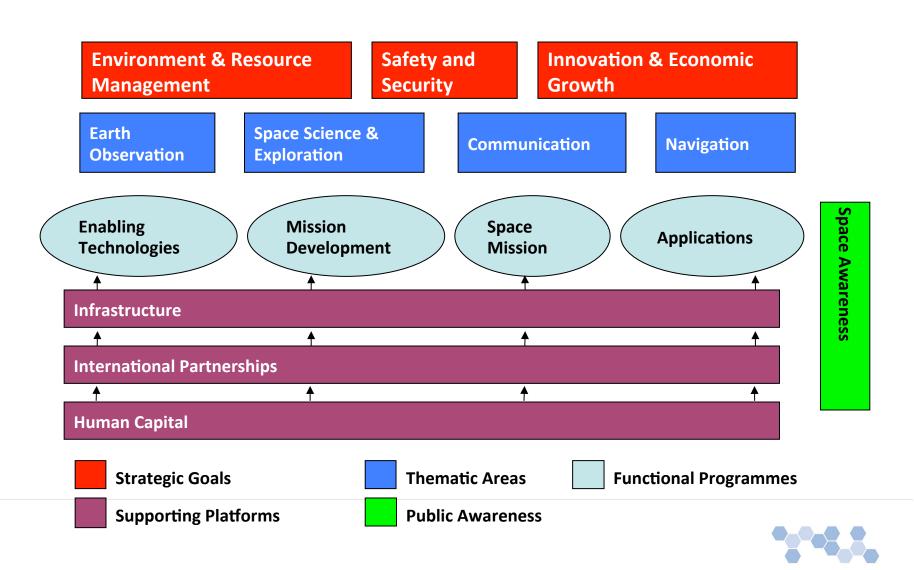
Innovation & Economic Growth

- Tourism and recreation
- Communications
- Space science and exploration
- Space technology transfer and spin-offs
- Development of the space industry





National Space Strategy Building Blocks





SANSA ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATIONS





SANSA Establishment





 SANSA was officially launched in December 2010

Vision:

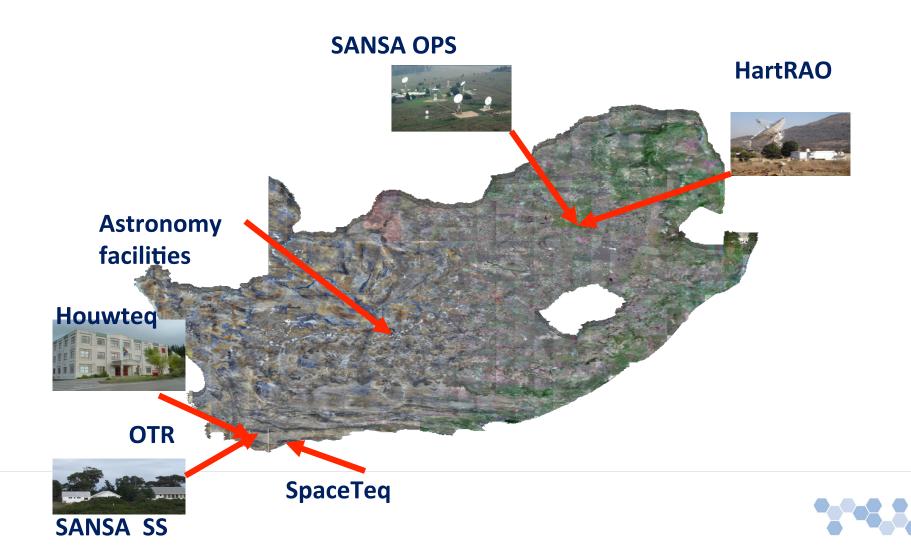
 A lead agency on the continent that coordinates and implements space activities to contribute socio-economic growth and sustainable development

Mission:

- To deliver an enabling environment through:
 - The development of space technology platforms;
 - The use of space for observational and scientific missions; and
 - The development of space applications



Space facilities





SANSA Structure

Corporate Office

Corporate Support

SANSA Earth Observation Directorate SANSA Space Operations Directorate SANSA Space Science Directorate SANSA Space Engineering Directorate

Earth ObservationProgramme

Space Operations Programme

Space Science
Programme

Space Engineering Programme

Goal 1: World-class & efficient services & societal benefits (Societal Capital)

Goal 2: Cutting-edge research, development, innovation, technology and applications (Intellectual Capital)

Goal 3: Human capital development, transformation & science advancement (Human Capital)

Goal 4: Globally competitive national space industry (Industrial Capital)

Goal 5: Make South Africa a recognised global space citizen (Global Capital)



Example: Over 66 Government Departments & entities (national provincial and local government) now dependant on spot 2.5m res mosaic



Department: Water Affairs

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

- Images taken for Mosaic 952 scenes
- Delivery 24 February 2012 for the 6th consecutive year
- Processing time 8 months
- Acquisition time 12 months
- cloud cover less than 5%
- 90% nadir scenes



MISSION DEVELOPMENT

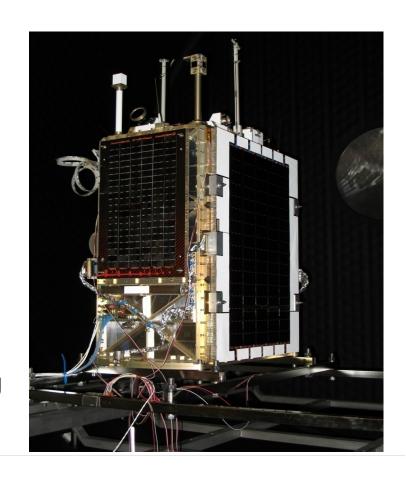




SumbandilaSat

Launched on 17 September 2009, Baikonur

- SumbandilaSat success stories:
 - HCD (8 interns,17 Masters; 1 PhD,)
 - Innovation and knowledge generation (Attitude Determination and Control System, mission control and operation capabilities),
 - Significant outreach and awareness activities across the country
 - +12 000 global scenes acquired and used for flood and fire mapping







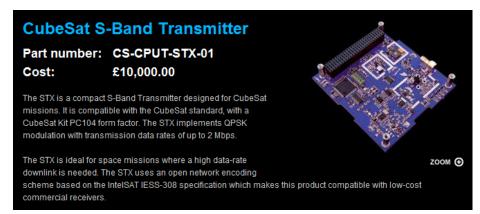
- >Mission Development
 - ✓ African Resource and Monitoring Constellation
 - Secured funding for ZA-ARMC 1
 - Mission design
 - ✓ IBSA Satellite
 - ✓ Cube Satellite



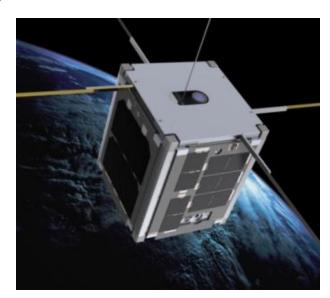


Technology innovation and applications

- Africa Space Innovation Centre serves as Innovation Hub
- Early production phase
- Products distributed through ClydeSpace, Scotland







ZACUBE-1 | TshepisoSAT Exhibited at IAC '11 To launched 2013





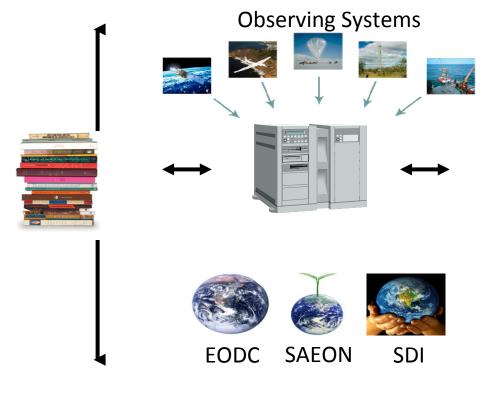


SPACE VALUE CHAIN

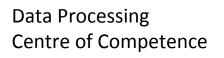




Space Application Value Chain









Human Capital Development



Public Goods



Core Goods



Commercial Goods

GOODS &

INFRASTRUCTURE

PEOPLE

SERVICES





CROSS CUTTING AREAS





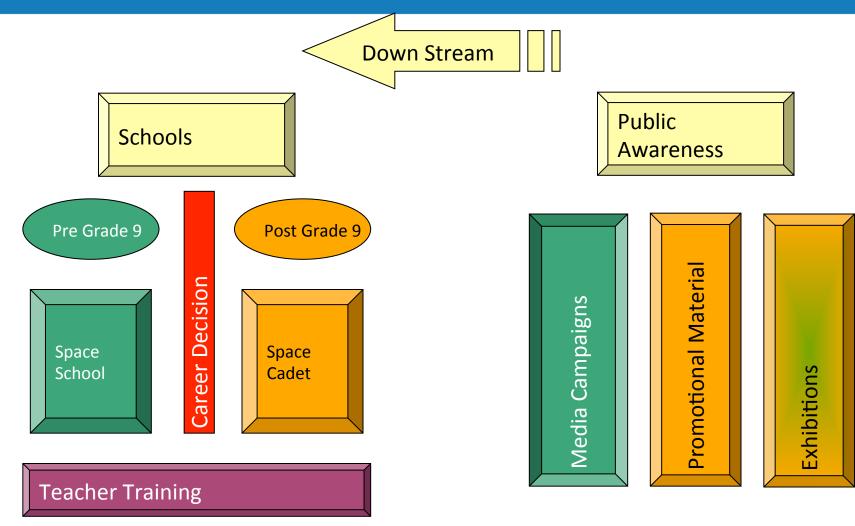
Human Capital Development and Outreach

Space Awareness and HCD

- CPUT satellite engineering training built a Cubesat called Tshepiso.
- To date 40 students have been trained, 25 in satellite engineering and 15 in remote sensing.
- Training programmes will respond to the requirements of the national space programme.
- Engage with learners and the public around the country through numerous national science and technology exhibitions
- Facilitation of education through space technology, increasing youth interest and uptake of STEM subjects









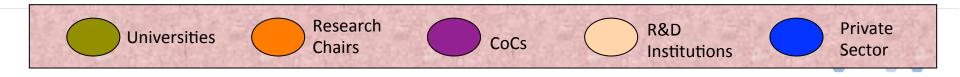






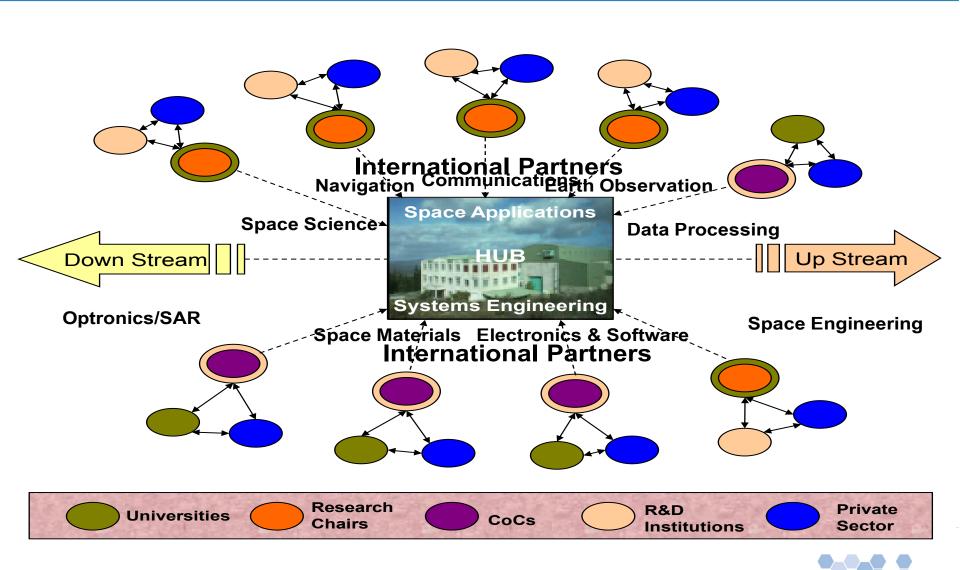
Annual Space Forum







Hub and Spoke Model





Future activities

- A fully established space programme (NSP Vision 35)
- Appropriate technology platforms in place to support the building blocks of the national space programme
 - Houwteq facility
 - Upgraded to international standards
 - Facility fully operational
 - Launch of ZA-ARMC1
 - Mission Control Centre operational
- Advances in human capital development that supports the national space programme
- Strengthened strategic partnerships, both local and international, and projects that promote space science and technology R&D; and
- Operational and ongoing developments of space application services and products for all tiers of government and the broader public good
 - Fully functional SAEOSS integrated to the GEOSS
- NBU satellite manufacturing
- CoCs (satellite sensors and data processing).
- Research Chairs (Earth Observation and Engineering)

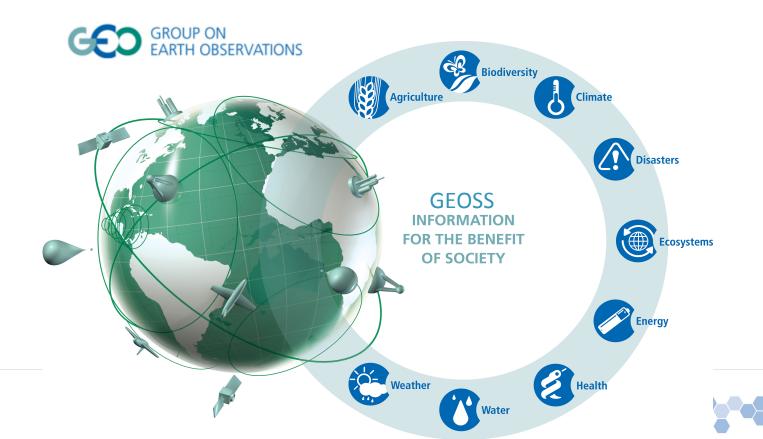




Strategic Partnerships



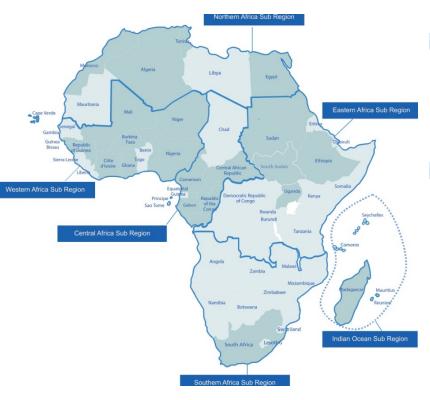
Committee on Earth Observation Satellites





Implementing GEOSS in Africa





- Strengthen national and regional coordination and capacity
- Synergies with existing and upcoming international and local initiatives & programmes
- With a focus on:
 - Data and Infrastructure
 - Human Capital Development
 - User Needs and Applications
 - Communication and Outreach
 - Resource Mobilisation







Thank You

